Heavy Committing: Flexible Indexing in Lucene 4.0

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My Background

- I am committer and PMC member of Apache Lucene and Solr. My main focus is on development of Lucene Java.
- Implemented fast numerical search and maintaining the new attribute-based text analysis API. Well known as Generics and Sophisticated Backwards Compatibility Policeman.
- Working as consultant and software architect for SD DataSolutions GmbH in Bremen, Germany. The main task is maintaining PANGAEA (Publishing Network for Geoscientific & Environmental Data) where I implemented the portal's geo-spatial retrieval functions with Lucene Java.
- Talks about Lucene at various international conferences like ApacheCon EU/US, Berlin Buzzwords, Lucene Revolution, Lucene Eurocon and various local meetups.

Agenda

- Motivation
- API changes in general
- Codecs
- Future
- Wrap up



Lucene up to version 3.2

- Lucene started > 10 years ago
 - Lucene's vInt format is old and not as friendly as new compression algorithms to CPU's optimizers (exists since Lucene 1.0)
- It's hard to add additional statistics for scoring to the index
 - IR researchers don't use Lucene to try out new algorithms

- Small changes to index format are often huge patches covering tons of files
 - Example from days of Lucene 2.4: final omit-TFaP patch of LUCENE-1340 is ~70 KiB covering ~25 files



Why Flexible Indexing?

- Many new compression approaches ready to be implemented for Lucene
- Separate index encoding from terms/postings enumeration API
- Make innovations to the postings format easier

Targets to make Lucene extensible even on the lowest level

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WORDS

Quick Overview

- Will be Apache Lucene ≥ 4.0 only!
- Allows to
 - store new information into the index
 - change the way existing information is stored
- Under heavy development
 - almost stable API, may break suddenly
 - lots of classes still in refactoring
- Replaces a lot of existing classes and interfaces → Lucene 4.0 will not be backwards compatible (API wise)

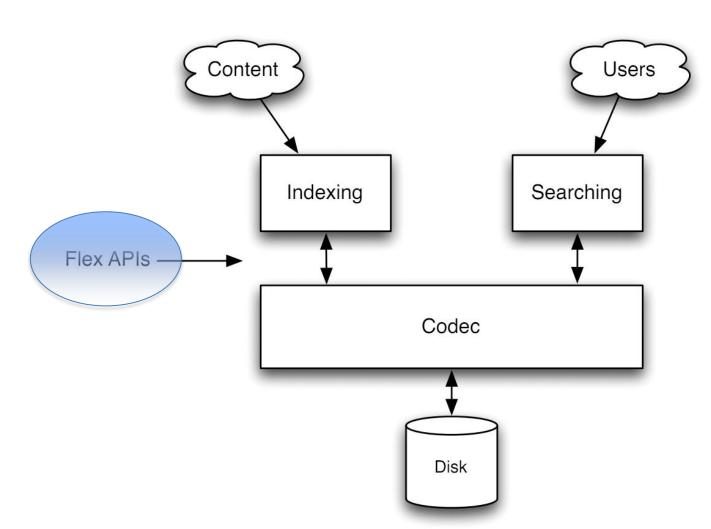
VORD

Quick Overview

- Pre-4.0 indexes are still readable, but
 < 3.0 is no longer supported
- Index upgrade tool is available since recently released Lucene 3.2
 - Supports upgrade of pre-3.0 indexes in-place
 → two-step migration to 4.0 (LUCENE-3082)

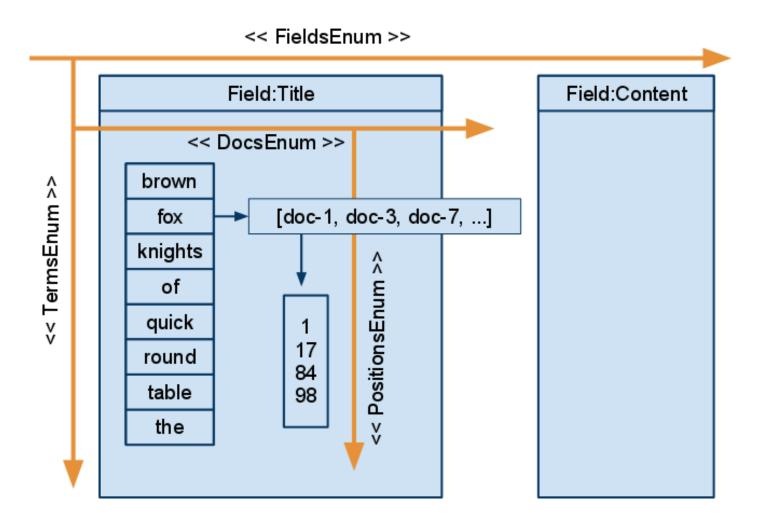


Architecture





New 4-dimensional Enumeration-API





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Flex - Enum API Properties (1)

- Replaces the TermEnum / TermDocs / TermPositions
- Unified iterator-like behavior: no longer strange do...while vs. while
- Decoupling of term from field
 - IndexReader returns enum of fields, each field has separate
 TermsEnum
 - No interning of field names needed anymore (will be removed soon)
- Improved RAM efficiency:
 - efficient re-usage of byte buffer with the BytesRef class

Flex - Enum API Properties (2)

- Terms are arbitrary byte slices, no 16bit UTF-16 chars anymore
- Term now using byte[] instead of char[]
 - compact representation of numeric terms
- Can be any encoding
 - Default is UTF-8 → changes sort order for supplementary characters
 - Compact representation with low memory footprint for western languages
 - Support for e.g. BOCU1 (LUCENE-1799) possible, but some queries rely on UTF-8 (especially MultiTermQuery)
- Indexer consumes BytesRefAttribute, which converts the good old char[] to UTF-8

VORDS

Flex - Enum API Properties (3)

- All Flex Enums make use of AttributeSource
 - Custom Attribute deserialization (planned)
 - E.g., BoostAttribute for FuzzyQuery
- TermsEnum supports seeking (enables fast automaton queries like FuzzyQuery)
- DocsEnum / DocsAndPositionsEnum now support separate skipDocs property: Custom control of excluded documents (default implementation by IndexReader returns deleted docs)

FieldCache

- FieldCache consumes the flex APIs
- Terms (previously strings) field cache more RAM efficient, low GC load
 - Used with SortField.STRING
- Shared byte[] blocks instead of separate String instances
 - Terms remain as byte[] in few big byte[] slices
- PackedInts for ords & addresses (LUCENE-1990)
- RAM reduction ~ 40-60%

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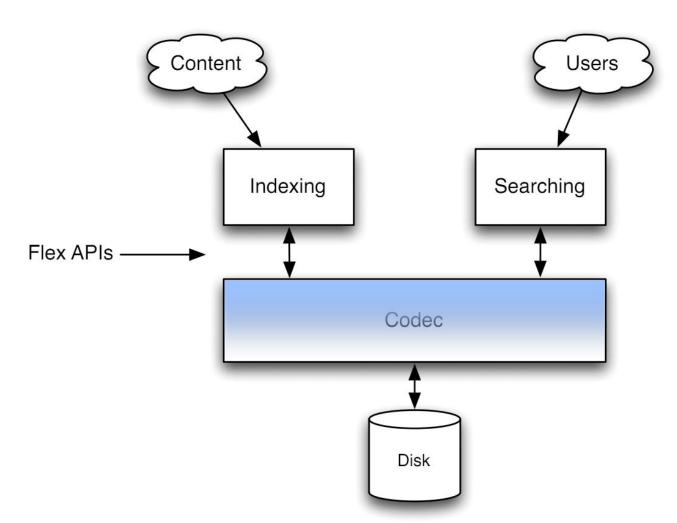


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Extending Flex with Codecs

- A Codec represents the primary Flex-API extension point
- Directly passed to SegmentReader to decode the index format
- Provides implementations of the enum classes to SegmentReader
- Provides writer for index files to IndexWriter

Architecture





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Components of a Codec

- Codec provides read/write for one segment
 - Unique name (String)
 - FieldsConsumer (for writing)
 - FieldsProducer is 4D enum API + close
- CodecProvider creates Codec instance
 - Passed to IndexWriter/IndexReader
 - Supports per field codec configuration
- You can override merging
- Reusable building blocks
 - Terms dict + index, postings

Build-In Codecs: PreFlex

- Pre-Flex-Indexes will be "read-only" in Lucene 4.0
- all additions to indexes will be done with CodecProvider's default codec

Warning: PreFlexCodec needs to reorder terms in term index on-the-fly: "surrogates dance"

→ use index upgrader (since Lucene 3.2, LUCENE-3082)

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Default: StandardCodec (1)

Default codec was moved out of o.a.l.index:

- lives now in its own package
 o.a.l.index.codecs.standard
- is the default implementation
- similar to the pre-flex index format
- requires far less ram to load term index

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Default: StandardCodec (2)

- Terms index:
 - VariableGapTermsIndexWriter/Reader
 - uses finite state transducers from new FST package
 - removes useless suffixes
 - reusable by other codecs

Talk today, 13:30h:
"Finite State Automata in Lucene"
by Dawid Weiss

- Terms dict: BlockTermsWriter/Reader
 - more efficient metadata decode
 - faster TermsEnum
 - reusable by other codecs
- Postings: StandardPostingsWriter/Reader
 - Similar to pre-flex postings

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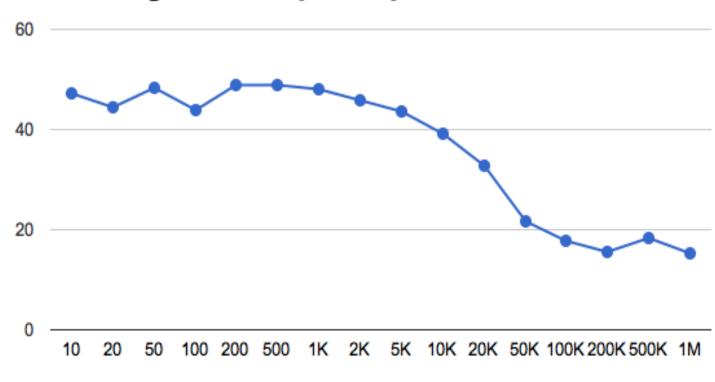
Build-In Codecs: PulsingCodec (1)

- Inlines low doc-freq terms into terms dict
- Saves extra seek to get the postings
- Excellent match for primary key fields, but also "normal" field (Zipf's law)
- Wraps any other codec
- Likely default codec will use Pulsing

See Mike McCandless' blog: http://s.apache.org/XEw

Build-In Codecs: PulsingCodec (2)

Pulsing Codec Speedup



Number of random term lookups

Speedup (%)

Build-In Codecs: SimpleText

```
field contents
  term file
    doc 0
      pos 5
  term is
    doc 0
      pos 1
  term second
    doc 0
      pos 3
  term test
    doc 0
      pos 4
  term the
    doc 0
      pos 2
  term this
    doc 0
      pos 0
END
```

- All postings stored in _X.pst text file
- Read / write
- Not performant
 - Do not use in production!
- Fully functional
 - Passes all Lucene/Solr unit tests (slowly...)
- Useful / fun for debugging

See Mike McCandless' blog: http://s.apache.org/eh



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Other Codecs shipped with Lucene Contrib / Tests

- AppendingCodec (contrib/misc)
 - Never rewinds a file pointer during write
 - Useful for Hadoop
- MockRandomCodec (test-framework)
 - used in tests to select random codec configurations
- PreFlexRW (test-framework)
 - Used by tests to build pre-flex indexes
 - Standard pre-flex codec is read-only

Heavy Development: Block Codecs

- Separate branch for developing block codecs:
 - http://svn.apache.org/repos/asf/lucene/dev/branches/bulkpostings
- All codecs use default terms index, but different encodings of postings
- Support for recent compression developments
 - FOR, PFORDelta, Simple64, BulkVInt
- Framework for blocks of encoded ints (using SepCodec)
 - Easy to plugin a new compression by providing a encoder/decoder between a block int[] ↔ IndexOutput/IndexInput

Block Codecs: Use Case

- Smaller index & better compression for certain index contents by replacing vlnt
 - Frequent terms (stop words) have low doc deltas
 - Short fields (city names) have small position values
- TermQuery
 - High doc frequency terms
- MultiTermQuery
 - Lots of terms (possibly with low docFreq) in order request doc postings

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Block Codecs: Disadvantages

- Crazy API for consumers, e.g. queries
- Removes encapsulation of DocsEnum
 - Consumer needs to do loading of blocks
 - Consumer needs to do doc delta decoding
- Lot's of queries may need duplicate code
 - Impl for codecs that support "bulk postings"
 - Classical DocsEnum impl



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Flexible Indexing - Current State

- All tests pass with a pool of random codecs
 - If you find a bug, post the test output to mailing list!
 - Test output contains random seed to reproduce

- many more tests and documentation is needed
- community feedback is highly appreciated

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Flexible Indexing - TODO

- Serialize custom attributes to the index
- Convert all remaining queries to use internally BytesRef-terms
- Remove interning of field names
- Die, Term (& Token) class, die! ⊚
- Make block-/bulk-postings API more user-friendly and merge to SVN trunk
- Merge DocValues branch

(Next talk: "DocValues & Column Stride Fields in Lucene" by Simon Willnauer)

More heavy refactoring!

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Summary



New 4D postings enum APIs



- Pluggable codec lets you customize index format
 - Many codecs already available
- State-of-the-art postings formats are in progress



- Innovation is easier!
 - Exciting time for Lucene...
- Sizable performance gains, RAM/GC

We need YOU!



- Download nightly builds or check out SVN trunk
- Run tests, run tests, run tests,...
- Use in your own developments

Report back experience with developing own codecs

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